

## Role of OECD Nuclear Energy Agency (NEA) in the Safety Research

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## Overview

- NEA membership and Committee Structure
- NEA CSNI working groups
- Overview of NEA projects
- Examples of joint projects and database projects
- Some notes on the work in the projects of NEA

## OECD/NEA Membership

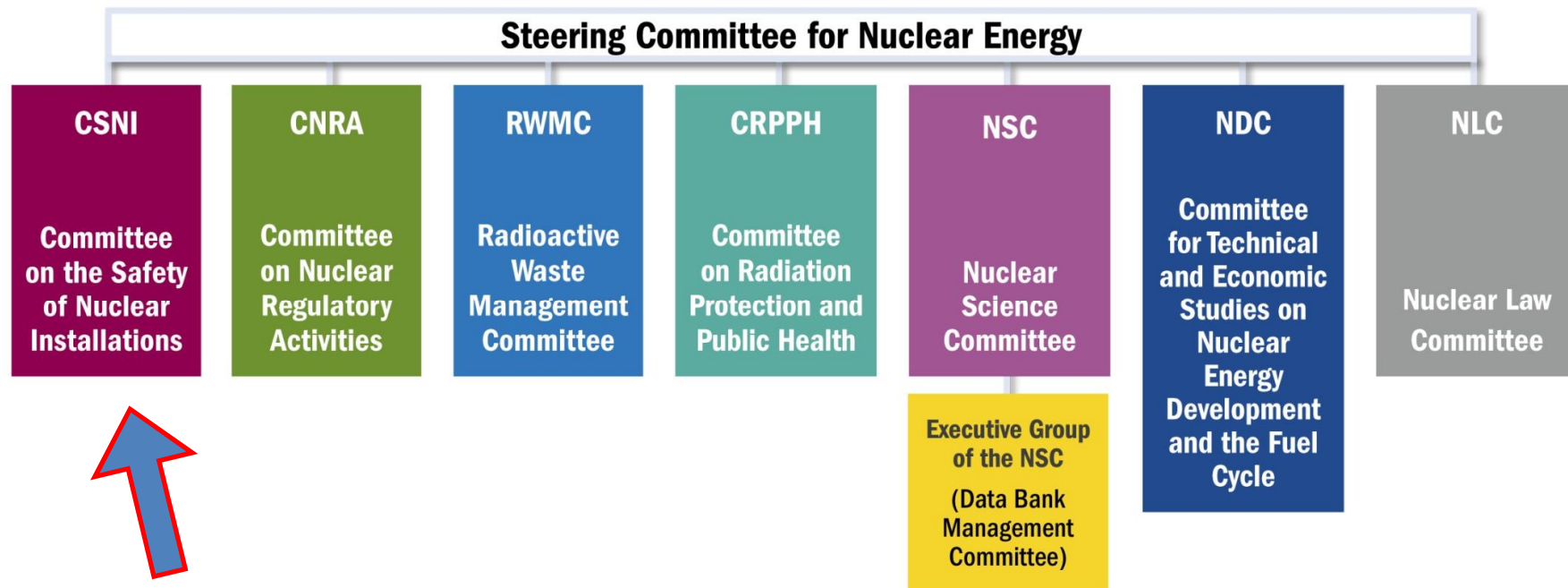
- Australia
- Austria
- Belgium
- Canada
- **Chile**
- Czech Republic
- Denmark
- **Estonia**
- Finland
- France
- Germany
- Greece
- Hungary
- Iceland
- Ireland
- **Israel**
- Italy
- Japan
- Korea
- Luxembourg
- Mexico
- Netherlands
- **New Zealand**
- Norway
- Poland
- Portugal
- **Russia**
- Slovak Republic
- Slovenia
- Spain
- Sweden
- Switzerland
- Turkey
- United Kingdom
- United States



Cooperation with China (NNSA), India (AERB), South Africa (NNR) and UAE (FANR)

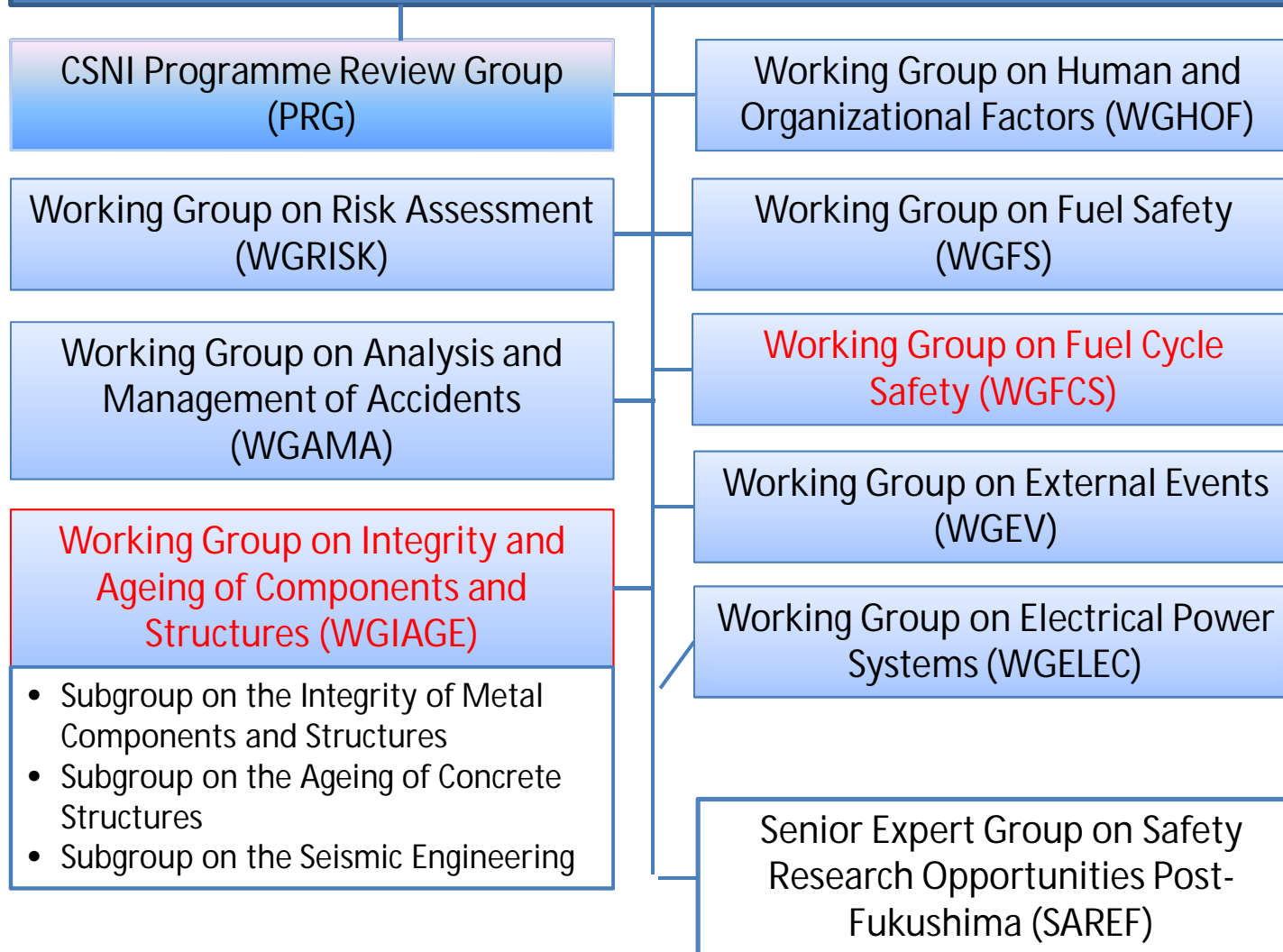
OECD and NEA member  
**OECD member, not NEA**  
**NEA member, not OECD**

## NEA Committee Structure



*The NEA's committees bring together top governmental officials and technical specialists from NEA member countries and strategic partners to solve difficult problems, establish best practices and to promote international collaboration*

## Committee on the Safety of Nuclear Installations (CSNI)



OECD/NEA ongoing joint projects in 2016 in the nuclear safety area:

- SCIP-3 (new)
- HALDEN Reactor
- CABRI Water Loop
- LOFC
- PKL-3
- THAI-2
- HYMERES
- STEM
- PRISME-2
- HEAF
- BSAF
- ATLAS

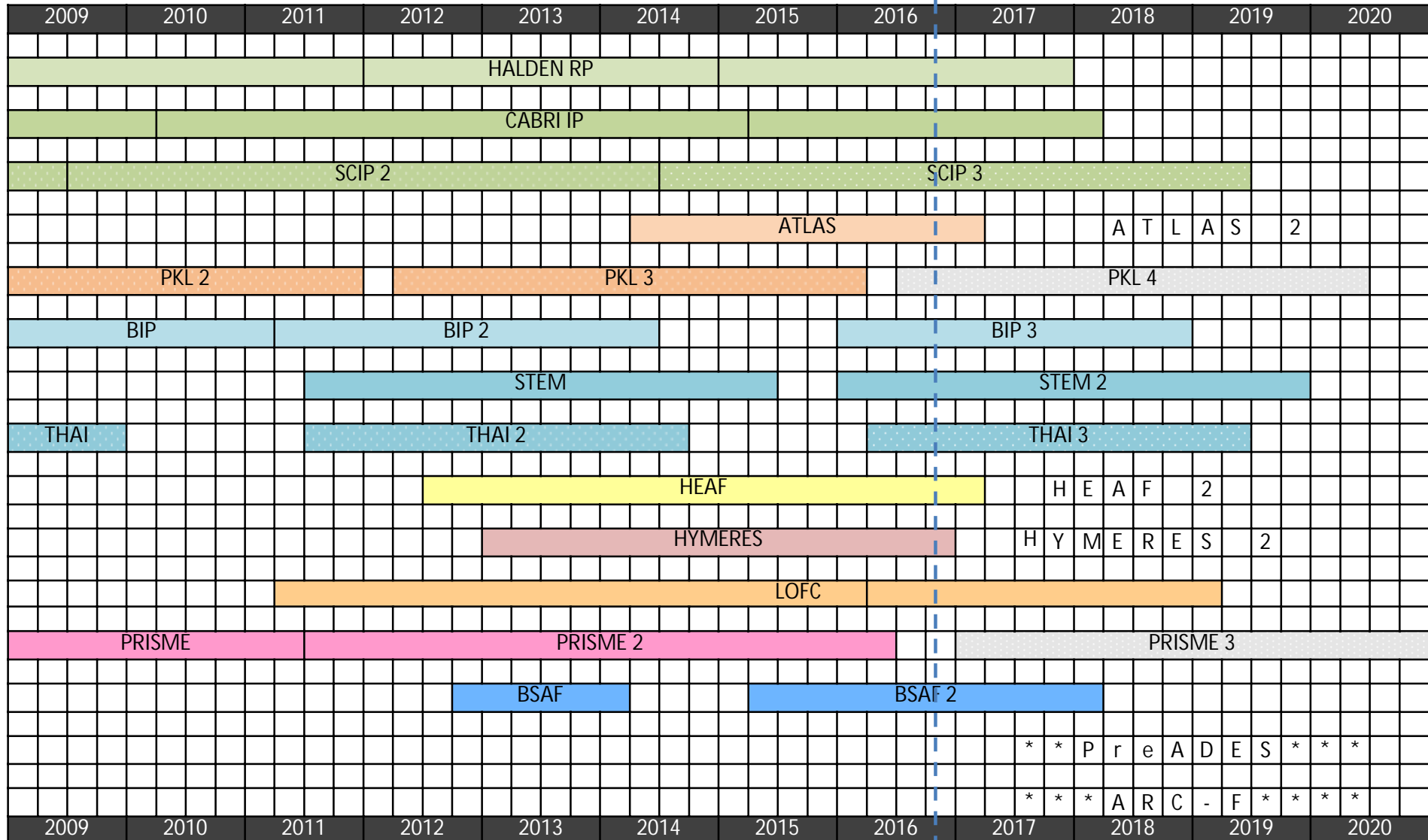
### DATABASE PROJECTS

- CADAK Project
- CODAP Project
- FIRE Project
- ICDE Project

## Joint Safety Research Projects

- Collaborative research between Governments of OECD/NEA Member countries or bodies designated by such Governments, or OECD non-member countries or economies in compliance with the rules and regulations applicable to the OECD
- Two types of projects – Experimental & Database
- Experimental projects with 3-5 year experimental programmes
  - ❑ Traditionally Host Country with Operating Agent propose experimental work with others then participating with funds and agreeing a mutually beneficial research work programme
  - ❑ Most recently we have begun to have multiple OA projects which have cost, scale and multiple aspect advantages
- Database
  - ❑ Four database projects: CODAP, CADAK, ICDE, FIRE
  - ❑ Ongoing projects with phases: No fixed end data
  - ❑ Membership share data for mutual analysis
  - ❑ Low cost annual fee

## Overview of Status of Current Safety Projects



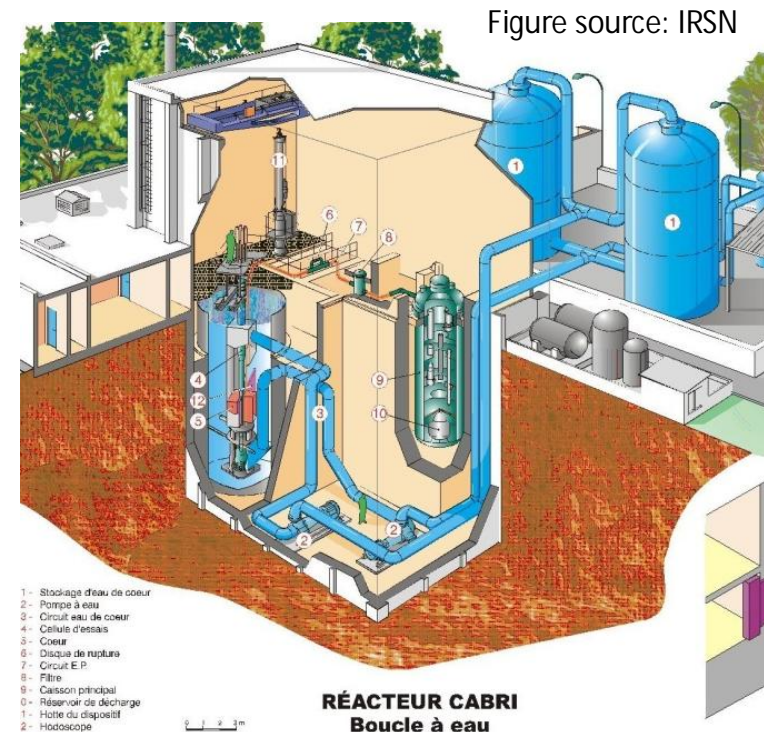
## Halden Reactor Project (HRP)

- In-pile experiments on fuel and materials using a 25 MW BWR moderated by heavy water & a programme on human factors, led by the Institute for Energy Technology (IFE, Norway). This includes the people who work in the control rooms, human-machine interaction and the internal processes in irradiated materials.
- Status
  - 130+ partners, 20 countries (2 non-NEA)
  - started in 1958, current phase 2015-17; IFE promoting next phase
  - 39<sup>th</sup> meeting of the Enlarged Halden Programme Group in May 2016 attracted 250 delegates from 22 countries
- Documentation: <https://www.oecd-nea.org/nsd/docs/2010/csni-r2010-5.pdf>  
<https://www.oecd-nea.org/nsd/docs/2007/csni-r2007-8.pdf>



## CABRI International Project (CIP)

- Ability of PWR fuels to withstand sharp power transients due to rapid reactivity injection, experiments led by IRSN (France; power transient duration 10-100 ms with a peak at ~20 GW.
- Status
  - 15 partners (12 countries), 2 others are considering joining
  - conversion to the water loop (from sodium) is complete
  - first criticality in refurbished reactor in 2015, commissioning & power tests in 2016
  - *aim*: authorization of first water-loop test (CIP-Q) in Oct. 2017
- Documentation: <http://www.oecd-nea.org/jointproj/cabri.html>



## CODAP Database

**The Component Operational Experience, Degradation and Ageing Programme (CODAP) builds on two recent NEA projects: the Piping Failure Data Exchange (OPDE) Project, an international database on piping service experience applicable to commercial nuclear plants and the Stress Corrosion Cracking and Cable Ageing Project (SCAP) which assessed, due to their implications for nuclear safety and their relevance for plant ageing management, stress corrosion cracking (SCC) and degradation of cable insulation.**

- The structure and content of the CODAP database is now very useful and arrangements are being made in all countries to collect and validate data
- Phase 2 (2015-2017) on going.
- Improvements to the CODAP Database structure are going on
- Topical reports published:
  - Operating Experience Insights on Pipe Failures in Electro-hydraulic Control & Instrument Air Systems
  - Flow Accelerated Corrosion (FAC) of carbon steel & low alloy steel piping in commercial NPPs
- Third Topical Report: 'Operating Experience Insights Into Pressure Boundary component reliability & integrity management' will be published in early 2017
- Fourth topical report: Operating Experience Insights into Below Ground and Buried Piping will be published in late 2017

## CADAK Database

**The Cable Ageing Data and Knowledge (CADAK) Project provides a follow-up to the cable ageing part of the Stress Corrosion Cracking and Cable Ageing Project (SCAP), initially funded by Japan.**

- Phase 1 was completed in December 2014; project report of phase 1 will be ready in April 2016. The report will describe the methods to collect information to the CADAK database. Database has been established for a number of member countries cable data and technical standards for qualification and inspection; SCAP project collects the main part of information
- In phase 1 (2012-2014) the following 8 countries took part: Belgium, Canada, France, Japan, Slovak Republic, Spain, Switzerland and the United States
- In phase 2 (2015-2017) only the following 5 countries are now taking part: Canada, Germany, Slovak Republic, Switzerland and the United States
- Additional memberships are necessary for continuing this database project into its third term in 2018-2020, therefore, CADAK needs more countries into the project

## SOME NOTES ON THE WORK IN THE PROJECTS OF NEA

- ❑ The joint projects of NEA are very important part to develop the nuclear safety research in the world – Power companies are welcomed to take part
- ❑ Databases of NEA are collecting information in detailed analysed level and some of them are now mature enough for in-depth analyses of information
- ❑ In database projects there are room for power companies, if there is need of detailed event information and long term analyses of event mechanisms
- ❑ Joint research projects of NEA are important tool for cooperation and information exchange on specialists level
- ❑ Some results of NEA projects are available in NEA publication webpage <http://www.oecd-nea.org/nsd/docs/indexcsni.html> - more results are available only for participants in short term

## OECD/NEA webpages

OECD NEA CSNI webpage:

<https://www.oecd-nea.org/nsd/csni/>

All NEA CSNI publications are in the webpage:

<http://www.oecd-nea.org/nsd/docs/indexcsni.html>

All coming NEA workshops and conferences are informed in the NEA webpage:

<http://www.oecd-nea.org/nsd/calendar.html>.

## Thank you for your attention

OECD Nuclear Energy Agency  
[www.oecd-nea.org](http://www.oecd-nea.org)

